## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

## 2217 GEOGRAPHY

2217/02

Paper 2 (Investigation and Skills), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2008 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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		GCE O LEVEL – October/November 2008	2217	02
4: A				
ection A				
<b>(a)</b> 13	356			[1]
(b) (i)	Fish	ponds		
	Brido	ge		[2]
(ii)	1.6 -	- 1.8		[1]
(iii)	NW			[1]
(iv)	Valle	ey		
		ows and widens again / variable width		
		p (side) slopes es up to 500 m		
	Rive			
		utaries		
	Hills	form of the control		
	Scru	forest / woodland h		
	Sea			
		vation / Plantation		
	Flat	floodplain / valley bottom (must locate)		[3]
(c) Sa				
Ba	eadlan av	u		
Ba				
	goon			
		ot St Lucia itself)		
		est / Woodland / Scrub (Max 1 for vegetation) ope (on M Pinard) / rises to 661 m / 500 m		
	outh of			
		buildings / bunker (Max 1 for human features)		[5]
` '		7/8 555/6/7		
		ub 129559 5/6 550/1		
		ith grid reference at any location along beach		[2
	- · · · ·	,		L—.
<b>(e)</b> Co	oastal			
		settlements / within town areas		
		d / dispersed		
	nall(er ear rive	) areas in north / most in SW/S		
	wland			
	llov			

Valley

Mostly flat / gentle slope

[3]

	(f)	No mark for GR but 0 if GR does not relate to a cultivated area. Depends on square chosen but could include	
		Near river for water supply Near river as can't build there due to flood risk Lowland so accessible Flat so easy to use machines / irrigate / won't erode Close to settlement for labour	
		Close to settlement for food supply (for areas not labelled C)	[2]
			[Max 20]
2	(a)	Many / most in Asia / 9 in Asia / East Hemisphere South / SE of Asia Only one in Africa 3 in North America 2 in South America	
		Most / 8 in tropics / 7 between Tropic of Cancer and Equator / 7 outside tropics On / near coast	
		None in Europe / Australasia / other appropriate areas Most in LEDC	
		Most / 12 in Northern Hemisphere / north of Equator	
		Max 2 for numbers in specific continents	[4]
	(b)	Tokyo / Mumbai / Mexico / Sao Paulo / New York	
		3 or 4 correct = 1 mark All 5 correct = 2 marks	[2]
	(c)	Dhaka / Lagos / Jakarta / Karachi / Delhi.	
		Correct identification and marking 3 of above	[3]
			[Max 9]
3	(a) (	i) On graph	[2]
	(i	i) Japan Costa Rica Both needed for 1 mark	[1]
	(ii		
		India / Côte d'Ivoire / Congo Egypt Four	[4]

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Page 4				Syllabus	Paper
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(b)	) (i)	US	A, Japan, Costa Rica,		[1
` '					-
	(ii)		A is MEDC A has more industries		
			A uses more energy		
			A has more domestic / industrial water use		
		US	A uses water for irrigation in dry areas		
			A has more cars per person		
			A more mechanised / technological society		
			A people travel more	atina	
			A colder winters in some parts therefore more hea A more use of air conditioning in summer	aung	
			A wastes more energy		
			A has more resources so uses more per person		
			converse ideas for Costa Rica.		
		Allo	ow other relevant suggestions.		[3
					[Max 11
					•
(0)		haa r	mountains / valley / hill / garge		
(a)			nountains / valley / hill / gorge nterlocking spurs / meanders		
			plain / flat land		
			pare rock / cliff		
			ounded slopes / steep slopes		
			no vegetation in foreground		
			orest / trees / bush /scrub		
	D		rees <u>and</u> grass / savanna rnative to last 2 points		
	Α	•	more vegetation / B more open)		
			e at least one point from each photo		[4
(h)		o b	omical/higheriaal		
(b)			emical/ biological logical/ chemical /physical		
		5.0	ogical chemical physical		
			named chemical processes		
	A	ccept	freeze thaw or exfoliation for physical weathering		[2
(c)	D	iffere	nces in rainfall		
(-)			nces in temperature range		
		•	rnative to last 2 points – differences in climate)		
			nces in geology		
			use of land		
			ic / volcanic activity I erosion compared to lateral erosion / river erosio	n	
	v	oi tioa	. 3.33.311 compared to lateral crosion / fiver crosion	••	
	2	x 1 w	ith 1 for development.		[3

[Max 9]

(a)	China	[1]
• •	(ii) Italy (ii) China	[1] [1]
(c)	China uses more coal / Japan uses less coal China uses more HEP / Japan uses less HEP Japan uses more oil / China uses less oil Japan uses more gas / China uses less gas Japan uses more nuclear / China uses less nuclear Both have same % wind power Both have same % other sources China dominated by coal / both have coal as most used Japan has coal, gas and nuclear as similar %  Max 1 for figures	[3]
(d)	HEP Wind  Accept two first named if more than two given Accept solar, geothermal, biogas or wave if mention that this could be covered by 'other'.  [2]	
(e)	Wood or biomass	[1]
(f)	High sunshine levels provides much potential solar energy High rainfall in TRF or monsoon provides much potential HEP Energy can be generated locally Can be small scale / don't have to be expensive large schemes Water / wind / sun is free / no expensive imports No pollution / clean energy source	[2]

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[Max 11]

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## **Section B**

Cheap, frequently, work, open (1/2 correct =1; 3/4 correct = 2) 6 (a) 2 @ 1 mark [2] (b) (i) 'How did you travel here?/What mode of transport did you use? Layout in boxes of different transport e.g. car, bus, walk 1 = Question (Not essential for expression to be in the form of a question). 1 = Choices (3 relevant exc. other), 1 for Layout (Boxes/grids or instruction that works e.g. circle) 3 @ 1 mark [3] (ii) Regular sampling/equally spaced sampling/e.g. every fifth person; ref. to "Order" must be qualified. 1 @ 1 mark [1] (iii) Advantages e.g. not biased/fair test (1); easy/simple/faster (1) 1 @ 2 marks [2] (c) Complete proportional bar graph at 20%, 31% (51%), 17% (68%) and 32% with correct key. Mark 1 per line then 1 for correct key. 4 @1 mark [4] (d) (i) 2.2/2.3 km 1 @ 1 mark [1] (ii) <u>Bicycle</u> – most within 0.5km/all within 1.5km/close to market hall <u>Bus</u> – in lines away from market hall/grouped/clustered/certain directions/up to 2.2km Car – from all directions/up to 2.2/2.3km away/most 0.5/2km Walking – Close to market hall/most within 0.5km/up to 1km References to 2.5km too vague. Distance or pattern OK. 4 @1 mark [4] (iii) Any sensible comment related to pattern of transport e.g. people not prepared to walk/bike far/not far as uses up energy/walking is free/no parking fines; bus in lines due to routes/bus routes to where non-drivers live; cars more flexible means of transport Maximum of 1 per means of transport. 2 @ 1 mark [2]

<u> </u>			GOL O LLVLL - October/November 2000 2217	UZ.
	(e)	(i)	Sketch line to include all outer most points (can join up) and inwards at western side to at least 4km ring.  1 @ 1 mark	[1]
		(ii)	Explain fully needs more than list; allow (1 + 1) for development. e.g. Higher land/mountain restricts access/no one lives there; Lake/sea may be there. River may be there – hard to get over/access issues. Poor roads – take too long. Another/cheaper sports centre is competition; Poorer area so cannot afford to travel/pay for sports. 4 @ 1 mark  Maximum 2 for simple list	[4]
	(f)	Air sp Sta Da If u	pothesis – both are correct/partially correct 1 n – Sports Centre has greater range or Sports Centre has larger here of influence; 1. atements that support conclusion 2 maximum ta that support conclusion 2 maximum use comparative data, both figures must be correct for 1 data mark.  1 mark  1 mark	[6]
7	(a)	(i)	See through/transparent; located on post not the ground; secure not easily knocked over; measurements on jar; not cylindrical; wider top; no funnel. Accept reverse.  1 @ 1 mark	[1]
		(ii)	2,1,4,3 (1/2 correct = 1; 3/4 correct = 2)	[2]
		(iii)	Bar graph/histogram (1); dates and rainfall (1); x/y could be either in latter e.g. horizontal bar graph. 2 @ 1 mark	[2]
	(b)	Pa Co dir Fix	row head: shows the direction from which the wind is blowing ddle: Larger surface area to push the arrow/catch the wind ampass points: orientation of the wind vane/all 4 points/indicates the ection and ced on roof: not obstructed by building/secure/not eltered/exposed/in open air.	[4]
	(c)	Wa sea rel	eas should include detail of relief rainfall ater evaporated from sea/moist winds; winds from west travel over a; air forced to rise/air rises; air cools; air condenses; ief/orographic rainfall @1 mark	
		Ma	aximum 2 if no relief reference	

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(d)	(i)	Correct length of bars at 2 for E and 1 for N 2 @ 1 mark	[4] [2]
	(ii)	Most common/most frequent direction of wind. 1 @ 1 mark	[1]
	(iii)	Lack of winds from NW/NE; equal days from E/SE; more days from W/SW; more from S than N; more from W than E; most from SW OK. Must judge or compare.	
		3 @ 1 mark	[3]
(e)	(i)	Correct plotting of 1,3,4,5 on the SW line (1/2 correct = 1 3/4 correct = 2)	[2]
	(ii)	<u>Top box –</u> anomaly/unusual/odd reading/student error/"only" once. <u>Side box</u> – The highest rainfall/westerly wind brings rain/ in varying amounts of rain	
		Bottom box – No rain from these directions 3 @ 1 mark	[3]
		None if just list days.	
	(iii)	Yes 1 @ 1 mark	[1]
(f)	mea	ger time of investigation; twice each day; different season/month; asure wind speed; different instruments; traditional (accept "proper") gauge; compare to local weather station/other school/sites; more	
	mar	dit mention of more reliable/more representative as development ks if they explain how their suggestions do this.  1 mark	[5]

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