

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper
for the guidance of teachers

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/31

Paper 3 (Core), maximum raw mark 96

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1	(a) A, B, C, D, K, L, M (b) 6 (c) 10% (d) $\frac{5}{20}$ oe isw any cancelling or converting (e) $\frac{6}{13}$ o.e isw any cancelling or converting (0.462 or 0.4615...)	1 1 2 1 1	M1 for 2/20 seen	[6]
2	(a) (i) $7000 \div 100 \times 33$ (ii) Mr Ray \$2450, Dr Surd \$2240 (b) 105 (c) 920 ft (d) 1715 ft	M1 M1 B1 B1 1 1ft 2ft	or M1 for 2310 and $7000 \div 70$ seen o.e (allow 231 and $700 \div 7$) then M1 ratio 33 : 100 <i>their</i> 2240 – 1320, ft positive answers only M1 for $70/100 \times$ <i>their</i> 2450 oe	[8]
3	(a) $x = -1, y = 2$ with working (b) (i) $2\pi r(r + h)$ final answer (ii) $h = \frac{s - 2\pi r^2}{2\pi r}$ oe final answer (c) $6x^3$	3 2 2 2	M1 for attempt to get 2 equations for elimination. Condone one numerical slip. OR M1 for equations in the form $y =$ or $x =$. Condone one numerical slip. OR M1 for sketch. A1 each answer Trial and improvement with both answers correct scores 3, otherwise 0. SC1 for correct answers without working M1 for any correct partial factorisation or $2\pi r(\)$ M1 for correct re-arrangement seen M1 for correct division by $2\pi r$ seen B1 for kx^3 or $6x^k$	[9]

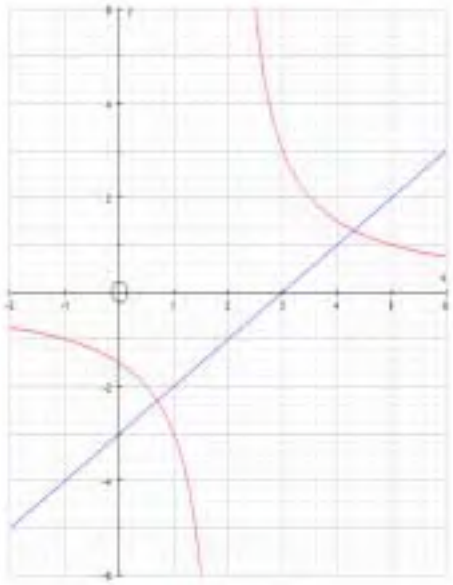
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4	(a)	Points plotted correctly	B1B1	
	(b)	(3, 5)	1	
	(c)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$	1	condone poor notation
	(d)	2 oe	2	M1 for change in y over change in x . Allow 4/2
	(e)	2 ft	1ft	ft (d) only
	(f)	$y = 2x - 7$ oe	2ft	M1 for $y = \textit{their} 2x + c$ or for substituting (5, 3) into formula [9]
5	(a) (i)	24	1	
	(ii)	56 – 57 kg	1	
	(iii)	9 (allow +/- 0.5) www	2	M1 for 59 (+/- 0.5) or 50 to 51 seen
	(b)	$\frac{8}{24}$ or $\frac{9}{24}$ oe ft	2ft	M1 for 8 or 9 seen ft from (a) [6]
6	(a) (i)	trapezium	1	
	(ii)	51	1	
	(iii)	82	1	
	(iv)	129	1	
	(b)	108	3	M2 for 540/5 seen or 180 – 360/5 M1 for $(5 - 2) \times 180$ oe or 360/5 [7]

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7	(a) (i)	90	1	
	(ii)	90	1	
	(iii)	110	1	
	(b)	10.2 (accept 10.17 – 10.18)	2	Allow 2 for other arc = 23.1 or 23.11 – 23 13... M1 for $110/360 \times 2\pi \times 5.3$ or $250/360 \times 2\pi \times 5.3$
(c)	6.08 (accept 6.079 – 6.080)	2	M1 for $\sin 35 = CB/10.6$ oe (i.e. all steps, apart from final one) [7]	
8	(a) (i)	6	1	
	(ii)	108	2ft	M1 for full perimeter seen
	(b)	571 or 571.2	2	M1 for 30×18 [5]
9	(a)	46(.0) (accept 45.95 – 46.0)	2	M1 for $\frac{2}{3} \times \pi \times 2.8^3$ or $\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 2.8^3$
	(b)	49.2 or 49.3 (accept 49.23 – 49.27)	2	M1 for using $2\pi 2.8^2$ or $4\pi 2.8^2$
	(c)	10.2 (accept 10.19...)	2	M1 for $9.8^2 + 2.8^2$
	(d)	89.6 or 89.7 (accept 89.59 – 89.74)	2 ft	M1 for $\pi \times 2.8 \times$ their 10.2 ft their (c)
	(e)	7	2	M1 for $\frac{2}{2.8}$ or $\frac{2.8}{2}$ or $\frac{9.8}{2.8}$ [10]
10	(a)	Diagram	B1B1	1 mark for roughly the correct shape 1 indep mark for the information (at least 3 out of 4 correct)
	(b)	(0)51.8 accept (0)52 but only with working	4	M1 for recognizing the 90 angle – may be marked on diagram. M1 for $\tan = \frac{80}{200}$ or better (first M1 is implied) 21.8 seen implies first 2 M's M1 for adding 30. [6]

<p>11 (a)</p> 		<p>3</p> <p>B1 B1</p> <p>B1 B1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>B1 for cubic shape with a max and a min B1 for turning points in the correct quadrants. B1 for x-axis intercepts: one negative, one positive and one at origin.</p> <p>SC1 for correct points in wrong order</p> <p>their graph with vertical translation of 3</p>
<p>(b)</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(d)</p>	<p>(b) $(-2, 1)$ and $(1, -0.35)$</p> <p>(c) $x = 0, 1.81$ (1.811 to 1.812)</p> <p>(d) their graph moved up 3</p>	<p>B1 B1</p> <p>B1 B1</p>	<p>[8]</p>
<p>12 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(d) (i)</p> <p>(ii)</p> <p>(iii)</p>	<p>3820 (accept 3817...)</p> <p>3800</p> <p>$\frac{3}{7}$</p> <p>Positive</p> <p>Ruled line drawn through $(180, \text{their } 3820)$</p> <p>3300 – 3500</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>1</p> <p>2 ft</p> <p>1</p>	<p>M1 for $15/35$</p> <p>B1 for passing through mean, B1 for positive gradient.</p> <p>[8]</p>

<p>13 (a)</p>		<p>2</p>	<p>B1 for reasonable shape with each part of graph in approximately the correct place. One branch above and one branch below x-axis Top branch not touching y-axis Bottom branch cutting y-axis Penalty of 1 if branches connected.</p>
<p>(b)</p>	<p>$x = 2, y = 0$</p>	<p>B1 B1 ft</p>	<p>ft $\frac{3}{x} - 2$ only $x = 0, y = -2$</p>
<p>(c)</p>	<p>Line on graph</p>	<p>1</p>	<p>Ruled line must have positive gradient and negative y-intercept</p>
<p>(d)</p>	<p>(0.697, -2.3(0)) (0.6972..., -2.303 to -2.302), (4.3(0), 1.3(0)) (4.302 to 4.303, 1.302 to 1.303)</p>	<p>B1 B1</p>	<p>ft $\frac{3}{x} - 2$ only (-1.3(0), -4.3(0)) (-1.303 to -1.302, -4.303 to -4.302) (2.3(0), -0.697) (2.302 to 2.303, -0.6972...)</p>
			<p>[7]</p>