## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

### for the guidance of teachers

# **9396 PHYSICAL EDUCATION**

9396/01

Paper 1 (Theory), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

Page 2			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
			GCE AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	9396	01	
(a)	Sub 1 2	Hum	2 marks for lierus ius and ulna			
		o max	1 mark for: e joint			
		o max	1 mark for: nsion			
			1 mark for:			
	5		eps brachii			
	Sub 6		1 mark for: ps brachii			
	Sub 7		2 marks for: hist – concentric contraction			
	8	-	gonist – eccentric contraction			[8]
(b)	Alls	shoul	d have a suitable example to gain 1 mark			
	(i)	Sub	centric) max 1 mark for: nist/prime mover/shortening (under tension)			[1
	(ii)	Sub	entric) max 1 mark for: gonist/lengthens (under tension)/acts as a brake			[1
	(iii)	Sub	netric) max 1 mark for: ease (in tension) but no change in length/therefore no m	novement		[1
(c)	Sub	o max	4 marks for 4 of:			
	(intı 1	Tem	factors) perature increases (when exercising)/heart muscle eases.	e gets warmer,	heart r	ate
	2	Con	duction of nerve impulses speeds up.			
	3 4		perature decreases leading to a drop in heart rate. duction of nerve impulses slows down.			
	5	Duri	ng exercise venous return increases stretching the card			
	6 7		ease in venous return (increases EDV) and therefore S\ stimulates the SA node increasing heart rate.	/ (Starling's Law)		
	8		so increases the force of contraction.			
			2 marks for 2 of:			
	(noi 9	rmona befo	ar) re and (during) exercise adrenalin is released into the b	lood stream		
			nalin (stimulates the SA node) to increase HR/increase			

- 10 adrenalin (stimulates the SA node) to increase HR/increases SV11 adrenalin increases strength of ventricular contraction

[6]

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(d) (i) Sub max 4 marks for 4 of:

(Describe two mechanisms)

- List not acceptable/must have description
- 1(a) Pocket valves
- 1(b) which prevent back flow
- 2(a) Muscle pump
- 2(b) contracting and relaxing of muscles squeezes veins situated between them
- 3(a) Respiratory pump
- 3(b) during exercise breathing deeper/faster, increases pressure in abdomen squeezing large veins in that area forcing blood back to heart
- 4(a) Smooth muscle
- 4(b) in wall of veins contracts and relaxes pushing blood towards heart
- 5(a) Gravity
- 5(b) aids blood to return from upper body and head back to heart
- (ii) Sub max 3 marks for 3 of:
  - 6 Venous return determines end diastolic volume/amounts of blood in ventricles larger.
  - 7 Stroke volume dependent on venous return/Starlings law SV dependent on venous return.
  - 8 If venous return increases so does SV/Q.
  - 9 Venous return maintains blood pressure.
  - 10 The more blood returned the more can be oxygenated/or opposite. [3]
- (e) (i) Sub max 3 marks for:
  - 1 Partial pressure of O<sub>2</sub> in alveoli in lungs is high compared to deoxygenated blood flowing into alveoli from (pulmonary artery).
  - 2 Difference between the two pressures is called diffusion/concentration gradient.
  - 3 Oxygen diffuses from an area of high pressure to an area of low pressure/down the gradient.
  - 4 O<sub>2</sub> diffuses into haemoglobin (in RBCs) to become oxyhaemoglobin. [3]
  - (ii) Sub max 3 marks for 3 of:
    - 5 Partial pressure of O<sub>2</sub> in alveoli reduced at altitude.
    - 6 Causing reduction in diffusion gradient.
    - 7 Causing decrease in O<sub>2</sub> and Hb association.
    - 8 Causing decreased O<sub>2</sub> transport in the blood.
    - 9 Long term decreased ppO<sub>2</sub> increases Hb and RBC production.
    - 10 Which increases external respiration and O<sub>2</sub> transport.

[3]

[4]

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P	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
	0		GCE AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	9396	01	
2 (a	) (i)	(abil 1 2	max 2 marks for: ity) Genetically determined/innate/born with/inherited Enduring/lasting Enhanced through childhood experiences		[2]	
	(ii)	(skil 4 5 6 7	max 2 marks for: l) Efficient/appears effortless Fluent/well coordinated/controlled Aesthetic/good to look at Goal directed/achieves a set result Follows a technical model		[2]	
	(iii)	Sub (link 9	max 2 marks for: ) Abilities are underlying factors essential for the learning	of skill/under p		
			Ability is not learned, skill is learned. Abilities determine learning and performance of skills.		[2]	
(b	) 4 r 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Earli Perf Trial Mov Use Build Reir Mov	for 4 of: iest phase/beginner ormer understands what has to be done/thinks about sk and error learning ements may be successful or fail. of demonstration by teacher d up of mental picture/mental rehearsal. nforcement is important. ement lacks fluidity/smoothness.	ill.		
	9	Extr	insic feedback needed/cannot rely on intrinsic		[4]	
(C)	2 (pe 3 4 5 (ef 6 (m 7 (re 8 (in 9 (e)	field suns ense o eyes ercepti b max sele infor form fector impu uscula spons actic trinsic kina ctrinsic	on of catching carried out feedback) esthetic feedback/catch feels good or bad c feedback)	r to memory	ly to catch	
	10	tield	er sees result/coach/crowd applaud/batsman walking		[8]	

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### (d) (schema theory)

(i) 4 marks for 4 of:

Sub max 1 mark for:

(knowledge of initial conditions)

5 Where is the activity taking place/rounders has taken place on a similar surface.

Sub max 1 mark for:

(knowledge of response specification)

6 Child has forehand hitting programme from rounders/knows how to swing racket/ similar action to rounders.

Sub max 1 mark for:

(knowledge of sensory consequences)

7 Knowledge of feel of how hard to hit the tennis ball/kinaesthetic sense.

Sub max 1 mark for:

(knowledge of outcome)

- 8 What has happened when child has hit tennis ball/over net/in court/successful forehand. [4]
- (ii) Sub max 2 marks for:
  - 1 Schema a build up of experiences.
  - 2 Experiences/motor plans can be adapted to meet new situation/process called transfer.
  - 3 Experiences/motor plans (stored in LTM) as generalised programmes, e.g. hitting.[2]
- (e) 6 marks for 6 of:
  - 1 Extrinsic is best for beginners as intrinsic may not be recognised by them.
  - 2 Extrinsic is feedback from teachers/coaches/parents.
  - 3 Teach beginner to recognise the feel of the movement/begin to use intrinsic.
  - 4 Positive feedback will reinforce learning for beginner.
  - 5 Good for motivation/encourage beginner.
  - 6 Good actions are reinforced/SR bond strengthened.
  - 7 Some negative needed to make movement successful next time/bad habits prevented.
  - 8 Terminal is good for beginner/does not have to wait.
  - 9 Concurrent not appropriate/can only process small amounts of information at a time/in cognitive phase of learning.
  - 10 Given in manageable amounts.
  - 11 Needs to be easily understood.
  - 12 Knowledge of results

[6]

[Total: 30]

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				GCE AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	9396	01
3	(a)	Must rela		ate to football		
		(i)	1 2 3 4	/) max 2 marks for 2 of: (who) children and adults (when) playtime at school/lunch break at work/time (where) any space in playground/yard (why) enjoyment/non-serious (how) no rules/unstructured		[2]
		(ii)	Sub 6 7 8 9	sical education) max 2 marks for 2 of: (who) all school children/college students (when) in curriculum/compulsory (where) designated sports area (why) learn skills/fitness and health (how) in organised lesson		[2]
	(	(iii)	Sub 11 12 13 14	sical recreation) max 2 marks for 2 of: (who) all/have a choice (when) no fixed time/any time (where) local recreation area/neighbourhood (why) fitness/social (how) flexible rules/flexible space		[2]
	(	(iv)	16 17 18 19	rt) max 2 marks for 2 of: (who) professional/elite performers/those who wish to e (when) designated time (where) football pitch/stadium (why) win/competition/extrinsic reward (how) highly organised	xcel	[2]

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(b) (i) 4 marks for 4 of:

(must have examples from sport)

(foundation)

1 school children taught fundamental motor skills, rules/variety of activities to establish ability, skill, interest

(participation)

2 recreative level/regular participation/fun, enjoyment, friends

(performance)

3 commitment to coaching, training/formal competition

(excellence)

4 national, international representation/elite groups/sport science support/funding/high level of coaching [4]

### (ii) 5 marks for 5 of:

- 1 provision of facilities/equipment
- 2 provision of organisation/leagues/schemes
- 3 provision of funding/sponsorship
- 4 talent identification at foundation level
- 5 support for clubs
- 6 advertising/educating
- 7 school club links
- 8 coaching (courses)
- 9 target all sectors of society
- 10 role models/media
- 11 make access safe
- 12 education/PE
- (c) 4 marks total:

Sub max 2 marks for:

(leisure)

- 1 unpaid/amateur
- 2 done in spare/free time
- 3 standard of performance not important
- 4 relieve stress/relaxation
- 5 enjoyment/intrinsic value
- 6 should be available to all

Sub max 2 marks for:

(work)

- 7 professional paid for playing
- 8 commitment to training time
- 9 very selective/only take part if good enough
- 10 controls life/time/contracted
- 11 high standards essential to keep place in team

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- (d) 4 marks for 4 of:
  - 1 shop window effect/seen as politically successful
  - 2 sporting recognition attracts financial support/economic progress
  - 3 cultural identity/respect from other countries/pride
  - 4 tourism
  - 5 stability/social control/reduce internal conflict/divert from problems
  - 6 brings groups together/common goal/aspirational target
  - 7 improves health of nation/healthy work force
  - 8 deflects from undesirable behaviour
  - 9 good athletes often employed by army/police
  - 10 can increase mass participation/creates role models
  - 11 to justify money spent on preparation
- (e) 5 marks for 5 of:

Elderly or disabled or women

- 1 (money) lack of money/low pension/no longer earning/cost of taking part/lack of sponsorship
- 2 (transport) lack of car/public transport poor
- 3 (fitness/health) physically restricted/poor health
- 4 (facilities) lack of specialised/adapted facilities/equipment
- 5 (role models) lack of role models to encourage participation/media coverage
- 6 (coaches) lack of leaders/specialist coaches
- 7 (esteem) poor self image/physical activity for younger/able people/fear
- 8 (options) unsuitable activities on offer
- 9 (information) lack of information about what is on offer/no media focus
- 10 discrimination/stereotype
- 11 lack of suitable competition

[Total: 30]

[5]

[4]