

**CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**  
**General Certificate of Education Advanced Level**

**GEOGRAPHY**

**9696/2, 9696/3**

**PAPERS 2 AND 3 Advanced Geography Options**  
**INSERT**

**OCTOBER/NOVEMBER SESSION 2002**

3 hours

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

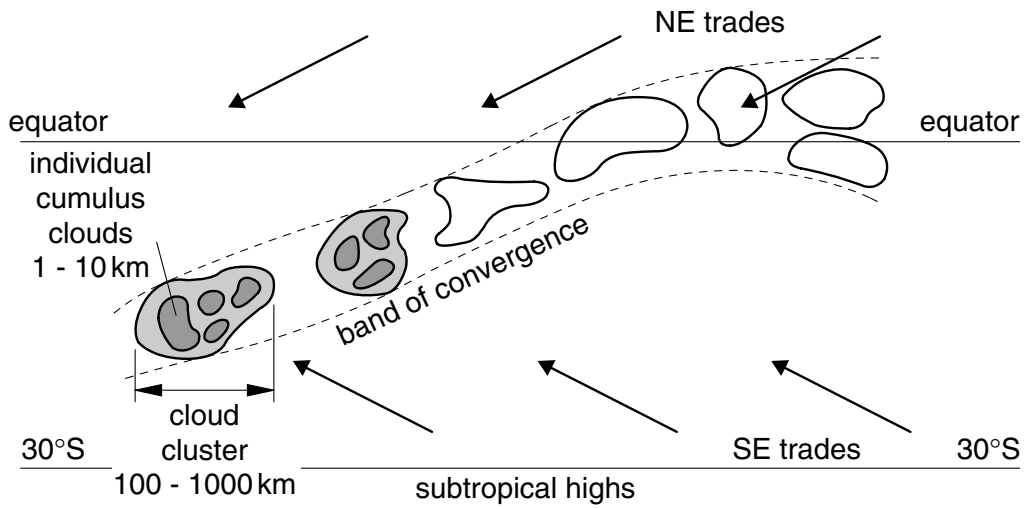
This insert contains the Figures referred to in the questions.

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**This insert consists of 8 printed pages.**

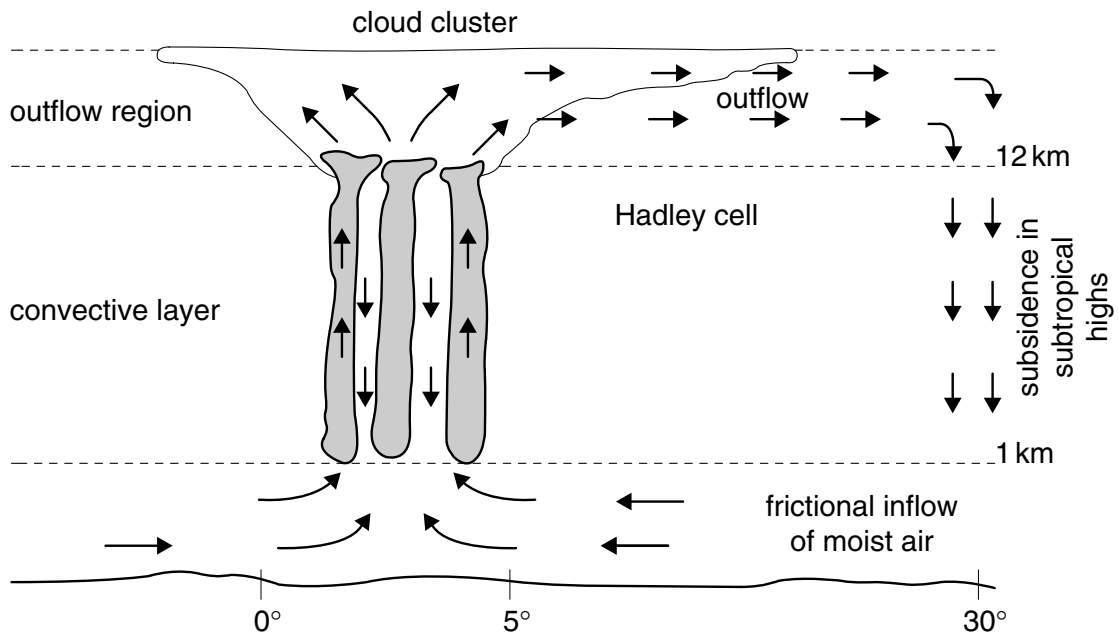
Figures 1A, 1B, 2, 3 and 4 are for use with Paper 2, Advanced Physical Options.

Fig. 1A for Question 2



Plan view of the ITCZ

Fig. 1B for Question 2



Cross section of the ITCZ

Fig. 2 for Question 4

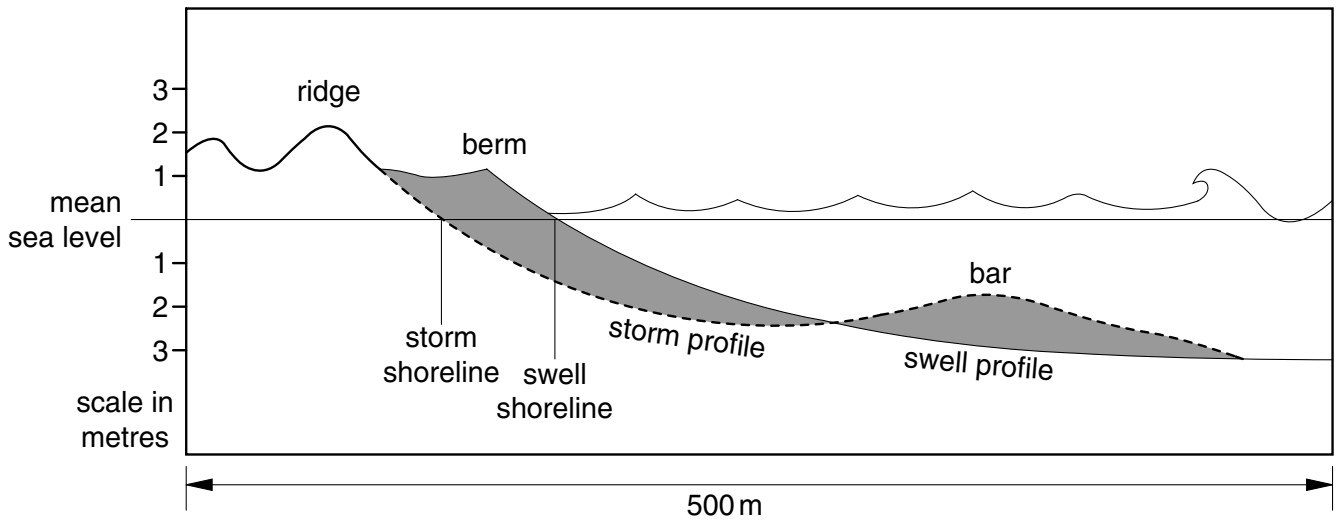


Fig. 3 for Question 6

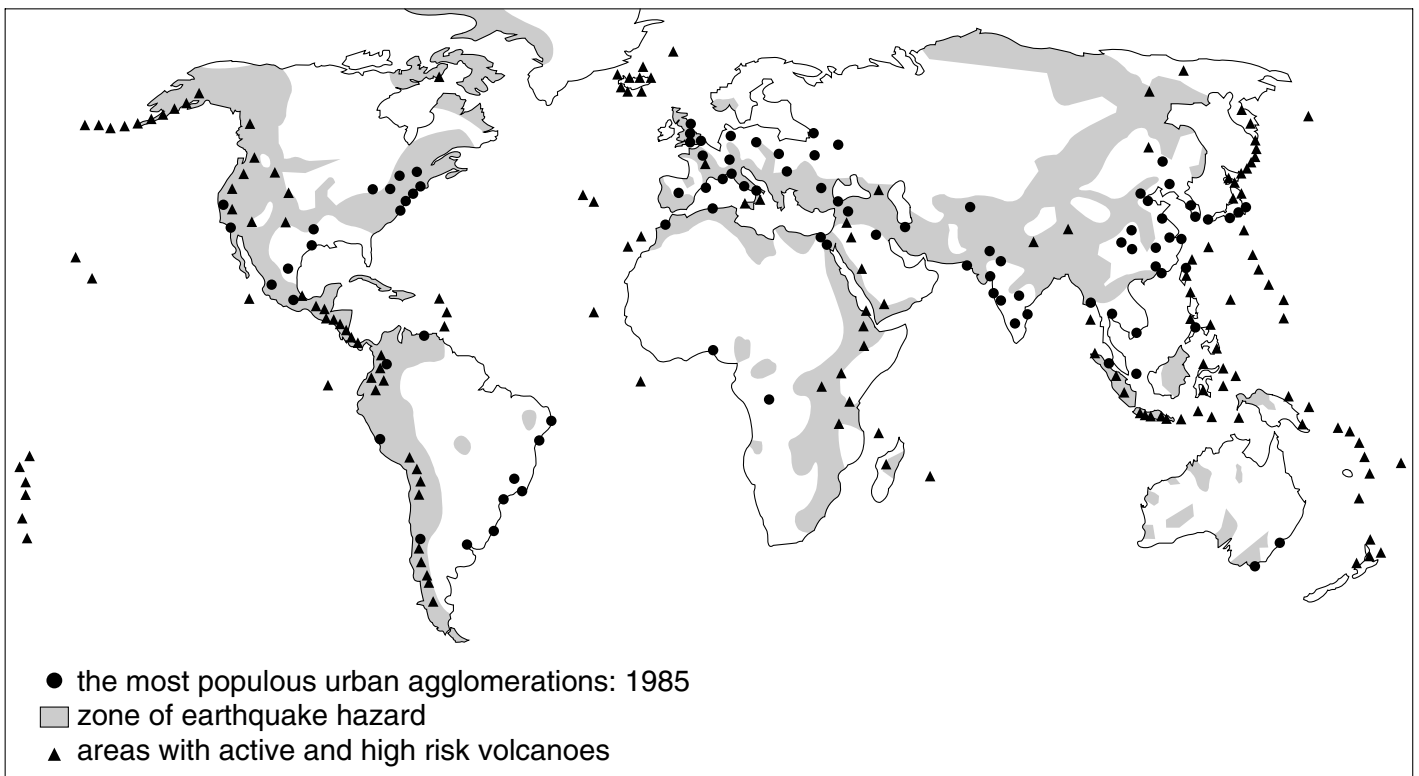
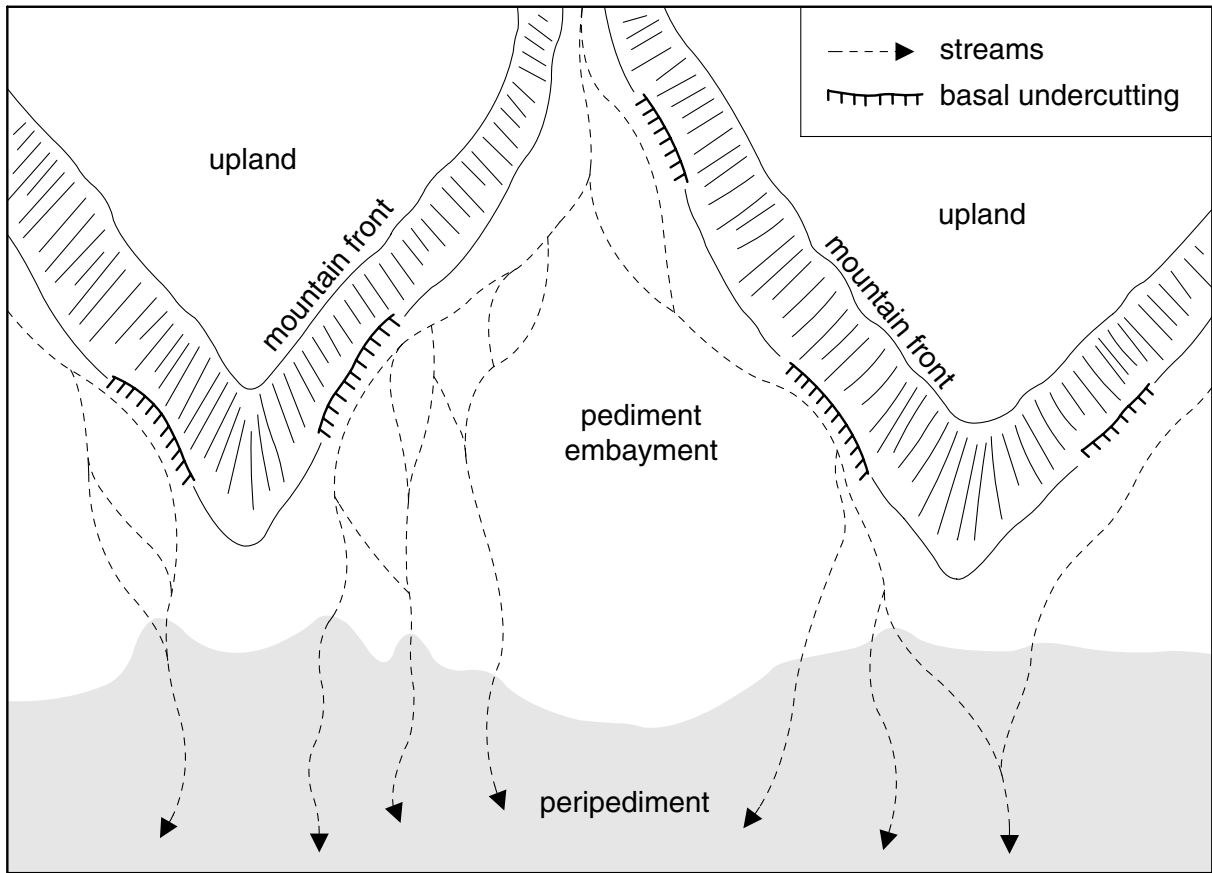


Fig. 4 for Question 8



Figures 5, 6, 7A, 7B and 8 are for use with Paper 3, Advanced Human Options.

Fig. 5 for Question 9

Changing rice yields in Asia, 1966, 1971 and 1974

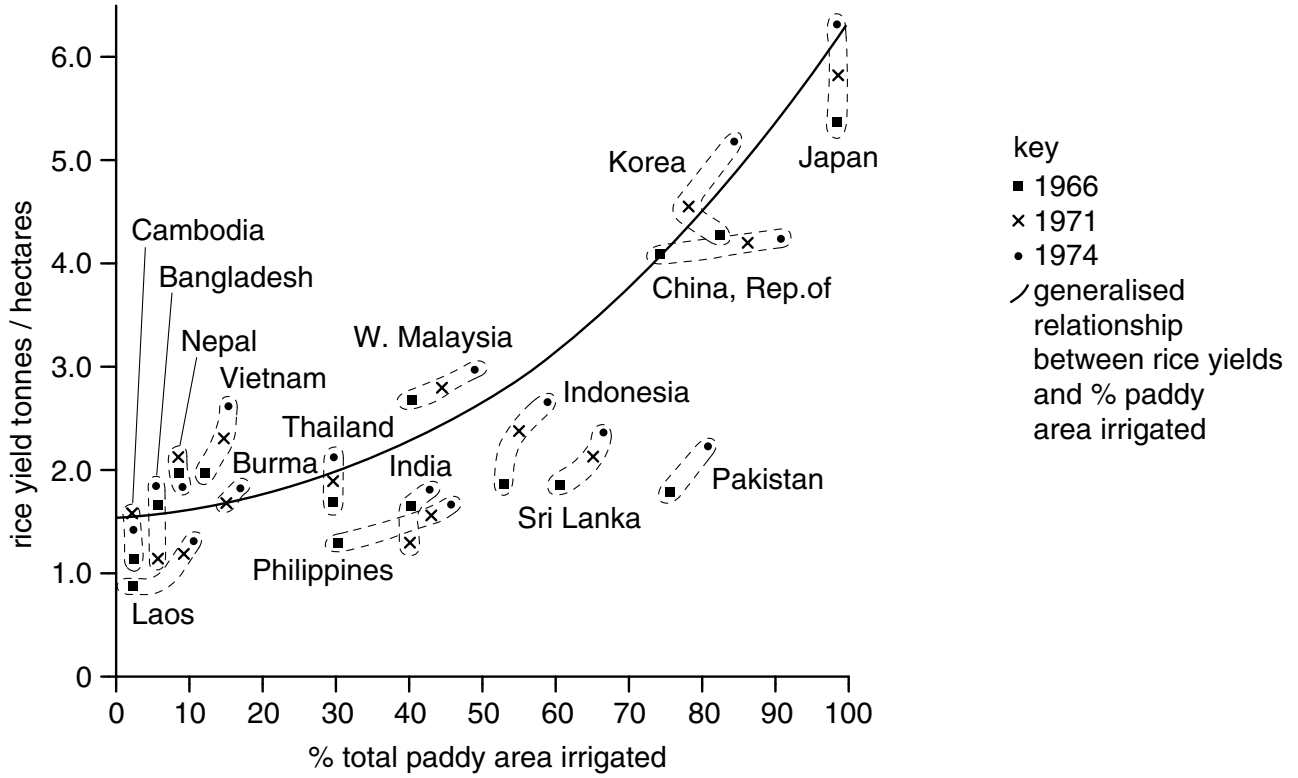
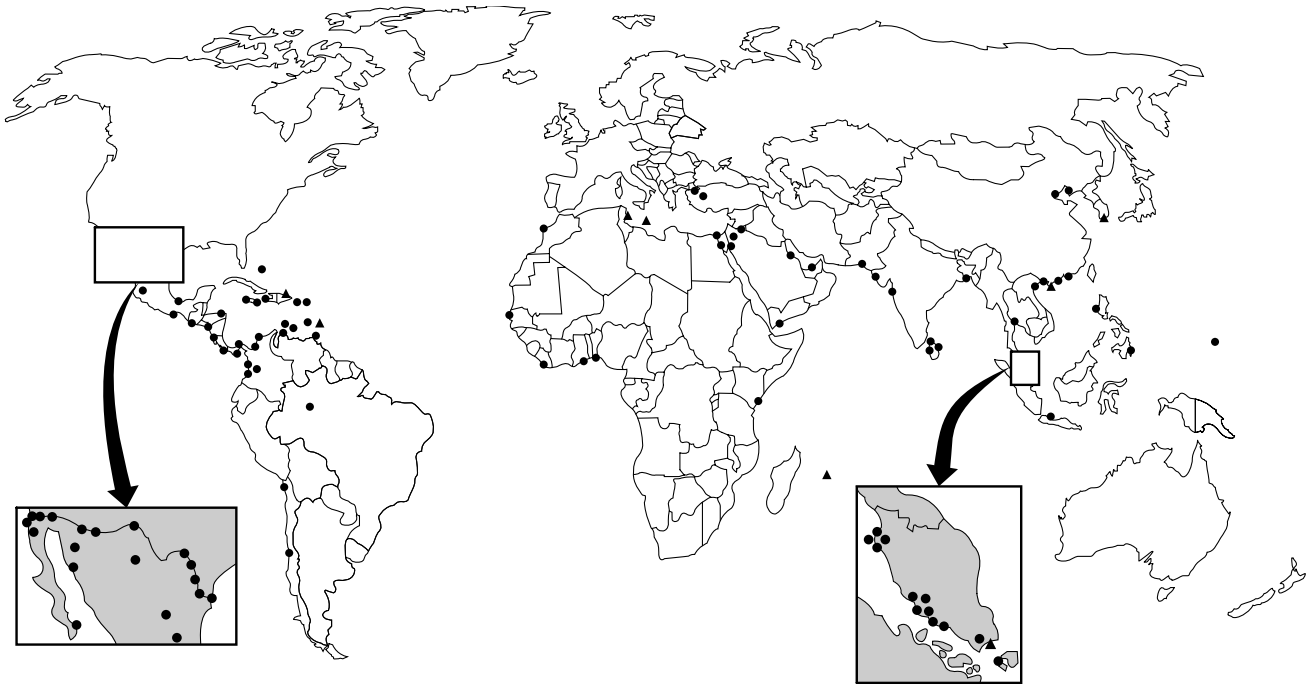


Fig. 6 for Question 10

Distribution of export processing zones, 1999



key

- ▲ multiple sites
- single sites

Fig. 7A for Question 14

## Tourism in the Spanish Balearic islands

## Balearic resorts to introduce ‘eco-tax’

### From Giles Tremlett in Madrid

Tourists visiting Majorca and other Spanish holiday islands will soon be ordered to pay a green tax to help pay for the damage they inflict on some of Spain’s most beautiful natural landscapes.

The £10 per head tax will either be levied at airports or added to the hotel bills of the millions of tourists who travel each year to Majorca,

Ibiza, Minorca and Formentera.

The proceeds from the tax, expected to be £90 million a year, will be used to repair the harm done by more than 30 years of intensive tourism in Europe’s busiest holiday spot, according to plans put forward by the islands’ government.

This has been proposed by a coalition of Greens, Socialists and island nationalists who won recent elections in the Islands on a political

platform that pledged to put a halt to further tourism developments.

The issue was popular with native Majorcans, even though they have become Spain’s richest people thanks to tourism. Voters decided they had had enough of drunken package tourists. They were also concerned that a fifth of the island is now in foreign hands.

Fig. 7B for Question 14

## Tourism in the Spanish Balearic islands

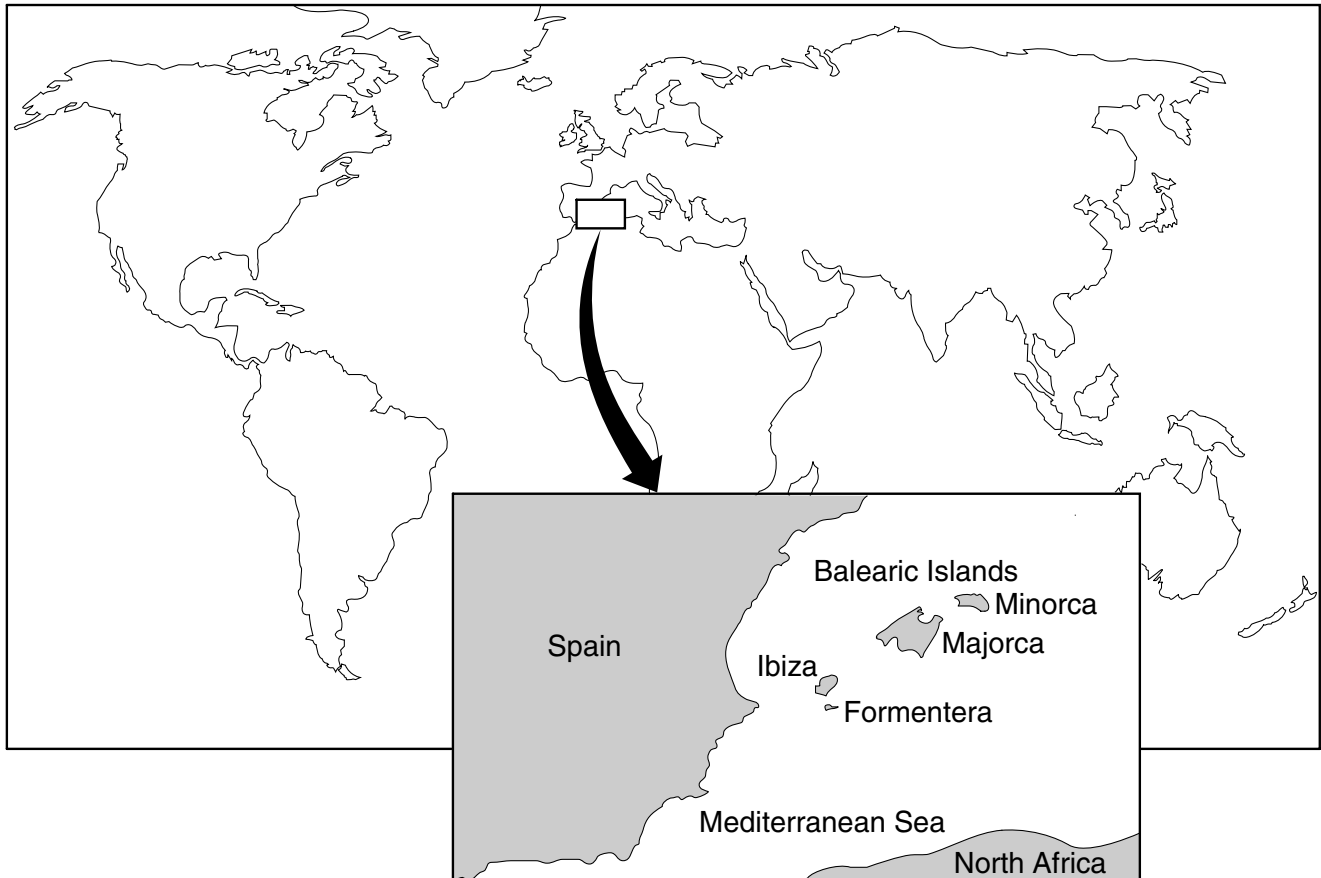


Fig. 8 for Question 15

A classification of the services industry

