



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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CHEMISTRY

9701/36

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2

October/November 2020

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: The materials and apparatus listed in the confidential instructions

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working, use appropriate units and use an appropriate number of significant figures.
- Give details of the practical session and laboratory, where appropriate, in the boxes provided.

Session	
Laboratory	

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.
- Notes for use in qualitative analysis are provided in the question paper.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
3	
Total	

This document has **12** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

Quantitative Analysis

Read through the whole method before starting any practical work. Where appropriate, prepare a table for your results in the space provided.

Show your working and appropriate significant figures in the final answer to **each** step of your calculations.

- 1 Many salts occur in a hydrated form such as hydrated potassium carbonate, $K_2CO_3 \cdot xH_2O$, where x is an integer. You will determine the formula of a sample of hydrated potassium carbonate by adding it to an excess of hydrochloric acid and collecting the gas produced.



FB 1 is hydrated potassium carbonate, $K_2CO_3 \cdot xH_2O$.

FB 2 is 0.50 mol dm^{-3} hydrochloric acid, HCl .

(a) Method

- Fill the tub with water to a depth of approximately 5 cm.
- Fill the 250 cm^3 measuring cylinder **completely** with water. Hold a paper towel firmly over the top, invert the measuring cylinder and place it in the water in the tub.
- Remove the paper towel and clamp the inverted measuring cylinder so the open end is in the water just above the base of the tub.
- Use the 50 cm^3 measuring cylinder to transfer 50.0 cm^3 of **FB 2** into the flask labelled **X**.
- Check that the bung fits tightly in the neck of flask **X**, clamp flask **X** and place the end of the delivery tube into the inverted 250 cm^3 measuring cylinder.
- Weigh the container with **FB 1** and record the mass.
- Remove the bung from the neck of the flask. Tip **all** of **FB 1** into the acid in the flask and replace the bung **immediately**. Remove the flask from the clamp and swirl it to mix the contents. Swirl the flask occasionally until no more gas is produced. Replace the flask in the clamp after each swirl.
- Measure and record the final volume of gas in the measuring cylinder.
- Weigh the container and any residual **FB 1** and record the mass.
- Calculate and record the mass of **FB 1** added.

Results

[3]

(b) Calculations

- (i) Calculate the number of moles of carbon dioxide collected in the measuring cylinder. Assume 1 mol of gas occupies 24.0 dm^3 .

moles of $\text{CO}_2 = \dots\dots\dots \text{ mol}$ [1]

- (ii) Use your answer to **(b)(i)** and the information on page 2 to calculate the relative formula mass, M_r , of **FB 1**.

M_r of $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O} = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

- (iii) Calculate the value of x in the formula of the hydrated potassium carbonate, $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}$. Show your working.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$
[2]

- (c) One of the errors associated with this method is caused by the solubility of carbon dioxide in water.

Suggest **two** modifications which could reduce this error.

modification 1

.....

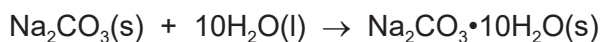
modification 2

.....

[2]

[Total: 9]

- 2 You will determine the enthalpy change of hydration of anhydrous sodium carbonate.



You will do this by measuring the changes in temperature when samples of anhydrous sodium carbonate and hydrated sodium carbonate are added separately to excess hydrochloric acid.

FB 3 is anhydrous sodium carbonate, Na_2CO_3 .

FB 4 is hydrated sodium carbonate, $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

FB 5 is 2.00 mol dm^{-3} hydrochloric acid, HCl .

(a) Method

Experiment 1

- Weigh the container with **FB 3** and record the mass in the space below.
- Support the plastic cup in the 250 cm^3 beaker.
- Use the 25 cm^3 measuring cylinder to transfer 25.0 cm^3 of **FB 5** into the plastic cup.
- Place the thermometer in the solution and tilt the cup, if necessary, so that the bulb of the thermometer is fully covered. Record the temperature.
- Tip **all** of **FB 3** into the acid in the cup and stir the mixture.
- Record the highest or lowest temperature of the mixture.
- Calculate and record the change in temperature.
- Weigh the container with any residual **FB 3** and record the mass below.
- Calculate and record the mass of **FB 3** used.

Experiment 2

- Repeat the method given above using the second plastic cup, but this time use **FB 4** in place of **FB 3**.

Results

I	
II	
III	
IV	
V	
VI	
VII	

[7]

(b) Calculations

- (i) Calculate the heat energy transferred, in J, in each experiment.
Assume 4.2 J of heat energy changes the temperature of 1.0 cm³ of the solution by 1.0 °C.

Experiment 1 with FB 3

heat energy = J

Experiment 2 with FB 4

heat energy = J

[1]

- (ii) Calculate the enthalpy change, ΔH , in kJ mol⁻¹, when 1.00 mol of solid reacts with hydrochloric acid.

Experiment 1 with FB 3

$\Delta H_1 = \dots\dots\dots$ kJ mol⁻¹
sign value

Experiment 2 with FB 4

$\Delta H_2 = \dots\dots\dots$ kJ mol⁻¹
sign value

[3]

- (iii) Use your answers to **(b)(ii)** to calculate the enthalpy change when 1.00 mol of anhydrous sodium carbonate is hydrated to form 1.00 mol of hydrated sodium carbonate.

Show clearly, by a Hess' diagram or other suitable means, how you calculated your answer.

(If you were unable to complete the calculations in **(b)(ii)** then assume the enthalpy change for **Experiment 1** = -33.7 kJ mol⁻¹ and for **Experiment 2** = +39.2 kJ mol⁻¹. These may not be the correct values.)

enthalpy change of hydration of Na₂CO₃ = kJ mol⁻¹
sign value

[2]

- (c) A student carrying out the experiment with anhydrous sodium carbonate, **FB 3**, could not find 2.00 mol dm^{-3} hydrochloric acid. The student used the same volume of 1.0 mol dm^{-3} sulfuric acid instead.

How would the change in temperature obtained by the student compare with the change that you obtained? Assume the same mass of **FB 3** was used.

Explain your answer.

.....

.....

..... [1]

[Total: 14]

Qualitative Analysis

Where reagents are selected for use in a test, the **name** or **correct formula** of the element or compound must be given.

At each stage of any test you are to record details of the following:

- colour changes seen
- the formation of any precipitate and its solubility in an excess of the reagent added
- the formation of any gas and its identification by a suitable test.

You should indicate clearly at what stage in a test a change occurs.

If any solution is warmed, a **boiling tube** must be used.

Rinse and reuse test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible.

No additional tests for ions present should be attempted.

3 **FB 6**, **FB 7** and **FB 8** are aqueous solutions of salts. Each contains one cation and one anion. All the anions and two of the cations are listed in the Qualitative Analysis Notes.

(a) (i) Use a 1 cm depth of each solution in a test-tube and record your observations in the table.

<i>test</i>	<i>observations</i>		
	FB 6	FB 7	FB 8
Test 1 Add aqueous ammonia.			
Test 2 Add dilute sulfuric acid.			
Test 3 Add a few drops of acidified aqueous potassium manganate(VII).			
Test 4 Add a 1 cm depth of FB 6 .			

[7]

(ii) Write an ionic equation for the reaction between **FB 6** and sulfuric acid. Include state symbols.

..... [2]

- (iii) Use your observations to identify the cations present in **FB 6**, **FB 7** and **FB 8**. Write the formula of each ion in the table. If the tests you carried out did not allow you to identify any of the ions, write 'unknown'.

	FB 6	FB 7	FB 8
cation			

[2]

- (b) (i) You will now investigate the identity of the anions present in **FB 7** and **FB 8**. Neither of the anions contains a nitrogen atom.
Select reagents that you would need to use in order to carry out tests that give positive results for these ions.
Record suitable reagents and the ions for which they would test.

[1]

- (ii) Carry out **all** of your tests on **FB 7** and **FB 8** and record your observations in the space below.

[4]

- (iii) Use your observations in (b)(ii) to identify the anions present in **FB 7** and **FB 8**. Write the formula of each ion in the table.

	FB 7	FB 8
anion		

[1]

[Total: 17]

Qualitative Analysis Notes

1 Reactions of aqueous cations

ion	reaction with	
	NaOH(aq)	NH ₃ (aq)
aluminium, Al ³⁺ (aq)	white ppt. soluble in excess	white ppt. insoluble in excess
ammonium, NH ₄ ⁺ (aq)	no ppt. ammonia produced on heating	–
barium, Ba ²⁺ (aq)	faint white ppt. is nearly always observed unless reagents are pure	no ppt.
calcium, Ca ²⁺ (aq)	white ppt. with high [Ca ²⁺ (aq)]	no ppt.
chromium(III), Cr ³⁺ (aq)	grey-green ppt. soluble in excess	grey-green ppt. insoluble in excess
copper(II), Cu ²⁺ (aq)	pale blue ppt. insoluble in excess	blue ppt. soluble in excess giving dark blue solution
iron(II), Fe ²⁺ (aq)	green ppt. turning brown on contact with air insoluble in excess	green ppt. turning brown on contact with air insoluble in excess
iron(III), Fe ³⁺ (aq)	red-brown ppt. insoluble in excess	red-brown ppt. insoluble in excess
magnesium, Mg ²⁺ (aq)	white ppt. insoluble in excess	white ppt. insoluble in excess
manganese(II), Mn ²⁺ (aq)	off-white ppt. rapidly turning brown on contact with air insoluble in excess	off-white ppt. rapidly turning brown on contact with air insoluble in excess
zinc, Zn ²⁺ (aq)	white ppt. soluble in excess	white ppt. soluble in excess

2 Reactions of anions

<i>ion</i>	<i>reaction</i>
carbonate, CO_3^{2-}	CO_2 liberated by dilute acids
chloride, $\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})$	gives white ppt. with $\text{Ag}^+(\text{aq})$ (soluble in $\text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$)
bromide, $\text{Br}^-(\text{aq})$	gives cream ppt. with $\text{Ag}^+(\text{aq})$ (partially soluble in $\text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$)
iodide, $\text{I}^-(\text{aq})$	gives yellow ppt. with $\text{Ag}^+(\text{aq})$ (insoluble in $\text{NH}_3(\text{aq})$)
nitrate, $\text{NO}_3^-(\text{aq})$	NH_3 liberated on heating with $\text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$ and <i>Al</i> foil
nitrite, $\text{NO}_2^-(\text{aq})$	NH_3 liberated on heating with $\text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$ and <i>Al</i> foil
sulfate, $\text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq})$	gives white ppt. with $\text{Ba}^{2+}(\text{aq})$ (insoluble in excess dilute strong acids)
sulfite, $\text{SO}_3^{2-}(\text{aq})$	gives white ppt. with $\text{Ba}^{2+}(\text{aq})$ (soluble in excess dilute strong acids)

3 Tests for gases

<i>gas</i>	<i>test and test result</i>
ammonia, NH_3	turns damp red litmus paper blue
carbon dioxide, CO_2	gives a white ppt. with limewater (ppt. dissolves with excess CO_2)
chlorine, Cl_2	bleaches damp litmus paper
hydrogen, H_2	'pops' with a lighted splint
oxygen, O_2	relights a glowing splint

The Periodic Table of Elements

		Group															
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1 H hydrogen 1.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2 He helium 4.0</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3 Li lithium 6.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">4 Be beryllium 9.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">5 B boron 10.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6 C carbon 12.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">7 N nitrogen 14.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">8 O oxygen 16.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">9 F fluorine 19.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">10 Ne neon 20.2</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">11 Na sodium 23.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">12 Mg magnesium 24.3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">13 Al aluminium 27.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">14 Si silicon 28.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">15 P phosphorus 31.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">16 S sulfur 32.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">17 Cl chlorine 35.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">18 Ar argon 39.9</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">19 K potassium 39.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">20 Ca calcium 40.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">21 Sc scandium 45.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">22 Ti titanium 47.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">23 V vanadium 50.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">24 Cr chromium 52.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">25 Mn manganese 54.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">26 Fe iron 55.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">27 Co cobalt 58.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">28 Ni nickel 58.7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">29 Cu copper 63.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">30 Zn zinc 65.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">31 Ga gallium 69.7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">32 Ge germanium 72.6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">33 As arsenic 74.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">34 Se selenium 79.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">35 Br bromine 79.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">36 Kr krypton 83.8</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">37 Rb rubidium 85.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">38 Sr strontium 87.6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">39 Y yttrium 88.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">40 Zr zirconium 91.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">41 Nb niobium 92.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">42 Mo molybdenum 95.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">43 Tc technetium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">44 Ru ruthenium 101.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">45 Rh rhodium 102.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">46 Pd palladium 106.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">47 Ag silver 107.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">48 Cd cadmium 112.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">49 In indium 114.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">50 Sn tin 118.7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">51 Sb antimony 121.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">52 Te tellurium 127.6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">53 I iodine 126.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">54 Xe xenon 131.3</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">55 Cs caesium 132.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">56 Ba barium 137.3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">57–71 lanthanoids —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">72 Hf hafnium 178.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">73 Ta tantalum 180.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">74 W tungsten 183.8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">75 Re rhenium 186.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">76 Os osmium 190.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">77 Ir iridium 192.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">78 Pt platinum 195.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">79 Au gold 197.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">80 Hg mercury 200.6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">81 Tl thallium 204.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">82 Pb lead 207.2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">83 Bi bismuth 209.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">84 Po polonium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">85 At astatine —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">86 Rn radon —</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">87 Fr francium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">88 Ra radium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">89–103 actinoids —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">104 Rf rutherfordium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">105 Db dubnium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">106 Sg seaborgium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">107 Bh bohrium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">108 Hs hassium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">109 Mt meitnerium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">110 Ds darmstadtium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">111 Rg roentgenium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">112 Cn copernicium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">114 Fl flerovium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">116 Lv livermorium —</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">57 La lanthanum 138.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">58 Ce cerium 140.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">59 Pr praseodymium 140.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">60 Nd neodymium 144.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">61 Pm promethium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">62 Sm samarium 150.4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">63 Eu europium 152.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">64 Gd gadolinium 157.3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">65 Tb terbium 158.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">66 Dy dysprosium 162.5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">67 Ho holmium 164.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">68 Er erbium 167.3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">69 Tm thulium 168.9</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">70 Yb ytterbium 173.1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">71 Lu lutetium 175.0</div> </div>															
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">89 Ac actinium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">90 Th thorium 232.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">91 Pa protactinium 231.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">92 U uranium 238.0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">93 Np neptunium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">94 Pu plutonium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">95 Am americium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">96 Cm curium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">97 Bk berkelium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">98 Cf californium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">99 Es einsteinium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">100 Fm fermium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">101 Md mendelevium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">102 No nobelium —</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">103 Lr lawrencium —</div> </div>															

lanthanoids

actinoids